

Dear Colleagues,

This quarter has been marked by the world wide recognition of the rapid expansion of DOTS in India. The 2<sup>nd</sup> Stop TB Partners Forum was held in India from 24-26<sup>th</sup> March 2004 at New Delhi in recognition and appreciation of India's rapid progress in expanding DOTS under the Revised National TB Control Programme. The forum provided a platform for the exchange of experiences and an example was set for other countries to emulate the good work done in India.

India has continued to expand DOTS and significant achievements have been made during 1<sup>st</sup> quarter due to the dedicated efforts of state and district level functionaries.

**Expansion of RNTCP**

By March 2004, the coverage had increased from 778 million in December 2003 to 851 million - an addition of 73 million in the three months. To date, DOTS services are available to people in 470 districts of 28 States and Union Territories.

**Performance**

The case detection rate for this quarter is 67%, with 2,60,589 patients placed on treatment. Success rate amongst the new smear positives registered in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2003 was 86%. The sputum conversion rate and cure among the new sputum positives was 90% and 85%, respectively.

**Monitoring & supervision**

Review meetings on the performance of the RNTCP continue to be held at the state level on a regular basis. These review meetings have been attended by representatives from Central TB Division in Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Haryana, Jammu, Jharkhand, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu and Uttar Pradesh.

**Important International Event - the 2<sup>nd</sup> Stop TB Partners Forum**

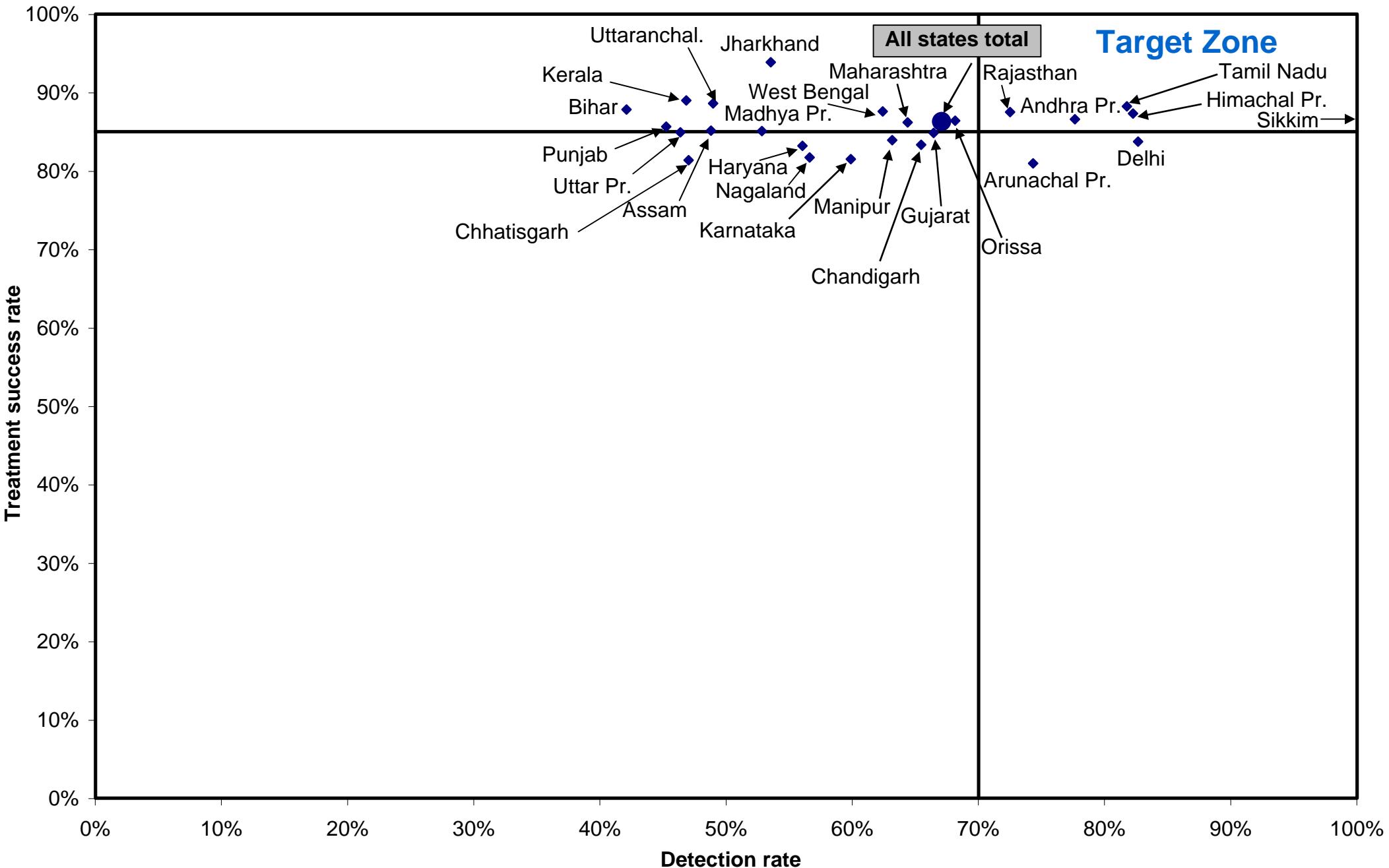
The 2<sup>nd</sup> Stop TB Partners Forum was held from the 24<sup>th</sup> to the 26<sup>th</sup> of March 2004 in New Delhi, to coincide with World TB Day on the 24<sup>th</sup> of March. The forum was inaugurated by Hon'ble Prime Minister, Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee. More than 300 delegates attended the forum, including Dr J.W.Lee, Director General of WHO, Dr. Praful Patel, Vice Chairman of World Bank, South East Asia Region, ministerial delegates from 22 high TB Burden Countries, and international and national expert in the field of TB.

The event provided an opportunity to showcase India's TB control programme, with a series of events being organized. On the eve of World TB Day, a photo exhibition was inaugurated, two publications were released – the WHO 'Colours Report' and 'TB India 2004 – RNTCP Annual Status Report', and 8 DOT providers from different parts of the country were felicitated for their contribution to RNTCP. At the inaugural function, Shri A R Rehman, music composer and global ambassador for TB Control, administered DOT to one patient. Later in the day, he also visited one of the Tuberculosis Unit in the city. This event got wide media coverage in national and international press.

*The international recognition gives us reasons to feel proud, but challenging tasks still lie ahead. We have to cover under DOTS the rest of the country by 2005 and also maintain the quality of services provided. Thus this is not the time to be complacent. I am sure that with the dedicated and committed teams at the district, state and national levels, we will achieve the target of achieving full national coverage by 2005. I am also confident that with the contribution from all of you, we will achieve our targets, consolidate the programme and maintain the quality of services. We are aware of the challenges, however we are proud of our dedicated team and are confident of reaching our targets with regular and intensive monitoring and supervision, collaboration with other sectors and your cooperation.*

Dr. L. S Chauhan, DDG (TB)  
Directorate General of Health Services, MOHFW

## Case-detection and treatment success rates in RNTCP areas for first quarter 2004/2003



**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter),  
and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

Implementing states	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP * (%)	Total no. of districts /DTCs	No. of districts / DTCs reporting RNTCP	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%) †	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients ‡	Cure rate of new smear positive patients §	Success rate of new smear +ve patients §
Andhra Pradesh	787 (100)	24	24	111916	(2.5)	142	14342	(12.8)	97%	25825	136	11075	58 (78)	0.9	91%	85%	87%
Arunachal Pradesh	12 (100)	6	6	2354	(2.4)	201	206	(8.8)	97%	424	145	163	56 (74)	0.8	93%	80%	81%
Assam	111 (40)	23	8	10104	(2.7)	91	1628	(16.1)	91%	2789	101	1015	37 (49)	1.1	88%	84%	85%
Bihar	120 (13)	37	3	8297	(5.8)	69	1259	(15.2)	91%	2545	85	950	32 (42)	1.1	91%	85%	88%
Chandigarh	10 (100)	1	1	2774	(3.5)	278	415	(15.0)	96%	451	181	155	62 (65)	0.6	93%	83%	83%
Chhattisgarh	143 (65)	16	9	14227	(2.6)	99	1838	(12.9)	92%	3359	100	1343	38 (47)	1.0	91%	80%	81%
Delhi	154 (100)	20	20	39504	(2.8)	256	5762	(14.6)	94%	10570	274	3032	79 (83)	0.7	89%	84%	84%
Gujarat	512 (95)	27	25	78915	(2.6)	154	12808	(16.2)	90%	17850	140	6801	53 (66)	0.6	92%	84%	85%
Haryana	227 (100)	19	19	31348	(2.8)	138	5528	(17.6)	86%	6339	132	2759	53 (56)	0.5	89%	83%	83%
Himachal Pradesh	64 (100)	12	12	15672	(2.2)	246	2042	(13.0)	92%	3326	209	1246	78 (82)	0.6	90%	85%	87%
Jharkhand	114 (40)	22	5	9777	(3.3)	86	1581	(16.2)	98%	2793	98	1144	40 (54)	1.0	92%	88%	94%
Karnataka	518 (94)	28	25	78959	(2.0)	152	9703	(12.3)	94%	14382	115	5613	45 (60)	0.8	88%	81%	82%
Kerala	327 (100)	14	14	54808	(1.9)	168	3834	(7.0)	93%	6582	80	2872	35 (47)	0.6	90%	88%	89%
Madhya Pradesh	459 (71)	45	32	48207	(2.7)	105	8014	(16.6)	86%	12903	112	4853	42 (53)	1.0	86%	83%	85%
Maharashtra	1028 (100)	48	48	143640	(3.0)	140	19043	(13.3)	94%	34942	136	13242	52 (64)	0.9	91%	85%	86%
Manipur	26 (100)	9	9	3121	(3.2)	121	327	(10.5)	99%	1127	174	306	47 (63)	1.3	91%	83%	84%
Meghalaya	25 (100)	5	5	2577	(2.3)	103	434	(16.8)	100%	731	117	278	45 (59)	0.6	78%		
Mizoram	10 (100)	8	8	1417	(2.6)	147	187	(13.2)	97%	483	201	146	61 (81)	1.0	91%		
Nagaland	20 (84)	8	7	2466	(4.5)	126	244	(9.9)	86%	510	105	207	42 (57)	0.4	84%	80%	82%
Orissa	375 (98)	30	30	37994	(1.6)	101	5788	(15.2)	89%	9227	111	4157	51 (68)	0.6	84%	83%	86%
Pondicherry	10 (100)	1	1	1720	(1.2)	167	127	(7.4)	100%	132		61		0.6			
Punjab	157 (61)	17	9	19511	(1.8)	125	2595	(13.3)	92%	4498	115	1683	43 (45)	0.8	91%	83%	86%
Rajasthan	609 (100)	32	32	85577	(2.7)	141	15714	(18.4)	91%	23983	158	8823	58 (72)	0.9	92%	86%	88%
Sikkim	6 (100)	4	4	1650	(2.5)	280	212	(12.8)	94%	364	247	130	88 (118)	0.6	92%	86%	86%
Tamil Nadu	641 (100)	29	29	158714	(2.3)	248	13946	(8.8)	97%	24113	150	9828	61 (82)	0.8	93%	88%	88%
Uttar Pradesh	1061 (60)	70	36	107801	(2.7)	102	15880	(14.7)	86%	25972	115	10182	44 (46)	1.0	88%	84%	85%
Uttarakhand	59 (66)	13	6	5762	(2.4)	98	906	(15.7)	96%	1071	120	425	47 (49)	0.7	97%	87%	89%
West Bengal	843 (100)	19	19	113274	(2.3)	134	13759	(12.1)	90%	23298	111	9859	47 (62)	0.7	91%	87%	88%
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>8427 (77)</b>	<b>563</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>1192086</b>	<b>(2.4)</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>158122</b>	<b>(13.3)</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>260589</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>102348</b>	<b>50 (67)</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>85%</b>	<b>86%</b>

NR - Not reported till 20th May 2004; Values for grey areas are not expected

\* Projected population based on census population of 2001 is used for calculation of case-detection rate. 1 lakh = 100,000 population

Estimated New Smear Positive cases / lakh population based on ARTI data for North Zone (Chandigarh, Delhi, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand) is 95; East Zone (Andaman & Nicobar, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Jharkhand, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Orissa, Sikkim, Tripura, West Bengal) is 75; South Zone (Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Lakshadweep, Pondicherry, Tamil Nadu ) is 75 and West Zone (Chhattisgarh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Goa, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan) is 80

§ Smear conversion rate not expected for states that began implementing RNTCP during 1st quarter 2004

¶ Cure rate and success rate are not expected for states that began implementing RNTCP after 1st quarter of 2003

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Andhra Pradesh	Adilabad	26	2220	(2.6)	86	318	(14.3)	81%	626	97	333	52 (69)	0.6	80%	57%	78%
Andhra Pradesh	Anantapur	38	6742	(2.5)	178	935	(13.9)	89%	1300	137	555	59 (78)	0.8	92%	86%	86%
Andhra Pradesh	Bhadrachalam	8	2428	(3.5)	300	413	(17.0)	100%	446	220	265	131 (174)	0.3	91%		
Andhra Pradesh	Chittoor	39	6564	(2.5)	169	704	(10.7)	92%	1107	114	487	50 (67)	0.8	87%	82%	82%
Andhra Pradesh	Cuddapah	27	3382	(1.7)	126	518	(15.3)	97%	1165	174	452	68 (90)	1.1	88%	80%	86%
Andhra Pradesh	East Godavari	51	6588	(1.8)	130	696	(10.6)	100%	1610	127	588	46 (62)	1.2	91%		
Andhra Pradesh	Guntur	46	10112	(4.5)	221	1025	(10.1)	97%	1714	150	738	64 (86)	1.0	92%	86%	87%
Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	38	5966	(2.7)	156	1180	(19.8)	98%	1450	151	557	58 (78)	0.9	95%	89%	89%
Andhra Pradesh	Karimnagar	36	1312	(5.1)	36	351	(26.8)	100%	317		141		0.6			
Andhra Pradesh	Khammam	19	3056	(3.0)	165	411	(13.4)	100%	832	179	386	83 (111)	0.8	94%		
Andhra Pradesh	Krishna	44	6026	(2.3)	137	745	(12.4)	98%	1316	120	537	49 (65)	1.1	88%	88%	88%
Andhra Pradesh	Kurnool	37	3739	(1.6)	102	570	(15.2)	98%	1188	130	559	61 (82)	0.8	91%		
Andhra Pradesh	Mahbubnagar	36	3923	(2.6)	108	490	(12.5)	99%	1083	119	485	53 (71)	0.9	91%	83%	84%
Andhra Pradesh	Medak	28	2873	(1.4)	104	301	(10.5)	99%	712	103	298	43 (57)	0.9	95%	90%	92%
Andhra Pradesh	Nalgonda	34	7088	(2.0)	211	927	(13.1)	100%	1316	156	692	82 (110)	0.7	91%		
Andhra Pradesh	Nellore	28	4691	(2.0)	170	523	(11.1)	95%	919	133	335	48 (65)	0.8	89%	73%	78%
Andhra Pradesh	Nizamabad	24	4476	(2.0)	184	421	(9.4)	100%	698	115	349	57 (76)	0.9	93%	75%	75%
Andhra Pradesh	Prakasam	32	3633	(2.5)	114	545	(15.0)	96%	1063	134	451	57 (76)	1.0	91%	79%	84%
Andhra Pradesh	Rangareddi	36	4395	(5.5)	121	448	(10.2)	100%	1075	118	415	46 (61)	1.0	94%	89%	90%
Andhra Pradesh	Srikakulam	26	3578	(3.2)	136	442	(12.4)	100%	1084	165	432	66 (88)	1.3	95%	90%	90%
Andhra Pradesh	Visakhapatnam	39	6483	(3.0)	165	636	(9.8)	100%	1370	139	634	64 (86)	0.9	94%		
Andhra Pradesh	Vizianagaram	23	4154	(2.7)	178	379	(9.1)	100%	947	162	379	65 (87)	1.0	93%	91%	91%
Andhra Pradesh	Warangal	34	3287	(3.2)	98	652	(19.8)	100%	1125	134	458	55 (73)	1.1	89%	86%	88%
Andhra Pradesh	West Godavari	39	5200	(2.7)	132	712	(13.7)	97%	1362	138	549	56 (74)	1.1	94%	82%	82%
Arunachal Pradesh	Along DTC	1.1	179	(2.5)	161	18	(10.1)	69%	40	144	11	40 (53)	0.9	90%	100%	100%
Arunachal Pradesh	Bomdila DTC	1.8	378	(3.6)	212	40	(10.6)	100%	70	157	30	67 (90)	0.9	93%	93%	95%
Arunachal Pradesh	Deomali DTC	2.4	278	(1.3)	115	29	(10.4)	100%	25	41	9	15 (20)	0.6	80%	64%	64%
Arunachal Pradesh	Pasighat DTC	1.3	428	(2.1)	331	44	(10.3)	100%	87	269	39	121 (161)	0.8	98%	88%	88%
Arunachal Pradesh	Tezu DTC	2.2	434	(2.4)	201	46	(10.6)	100%	89	165	46	85 (114)	0.4	94%	81%	81%
Arunachal Pradesh	Ziro DTC	2.9	657	(3.1)	223	29	(4.4)	97%	113	154	28	38 (51)	1.3	82%	59%	61%
Assam	Barpeta	17	1490	(2.4)	86	183	(12.3)	100%	428	99	146	34 (45)	1.5	93%		
Assam	Cachar	15	1009	(2.2)	66	175	(17.3)	90%	303	80	111	29 (39)	1.0	81%		
Assam	Dibrugarh	12	1524	(3.6)	123	285	(18.7)	82%	394	128	165	53 (71)	0.5	94%	84%	85%
Assam	Jorhat	11	948	(2.6)	89	153	(16.1)	96%	275	103	113	43 (57)	0.9	85%		

### Quarterly report methodology

Column Heading in RNTCP Performance Report	Formula	Conditions for formatting
Outpatients examined No.(%)	No. = No. of new adult OPD patients whose sputum was examined % = No. of new adult OPD patients whose sputum was examined / No. of new adult OPD patients visited the health facility (facilities) x 100	Shade black when less than 1.99% or greater than 7%
Smear positive (S+ve) patients diagnosed No.(%)	No. = No. of S+ve patients diagnosed % = No. of S+ve patients diagnosed / no. of TB suspects examined x 100	—
Percentage of S+ve patients living in the district placed on DOTS	% = No. of S+ve patients put on DOTS / No. of S+ve patients living in the district X 100	Shade black when less than 89.5%
Annualized total case detection rate per lakh population	Rate = (Total cases registered in the respective quarter x 4) / Projected population of the year in lakhs	Exclude all districts which started implementation in that quarter. Grey shade wherever blank
Annualized new S+ve case detection rate per lakh population and new S+ve case detection percentage (%)	Rate = (New S+ve cases registered in the respective quarter x 4) / Projected population of the year in lakhs % = Actual rate / estimated rate (*) x 100	Exclude all districts which started implementation in that quarter. Grey shade wherever blank
Ratio of new S-ve to new S+ve patients	No. of new S-ve cases registered in the respective quarter / No. of new S+ve cases registered in the respective quarter	Shade black when greater than 1.25 or less than 0.35
3 month conversion rate of new S+ve patients (%)	No. of new S+ve cases smear negative at 2 months + negative at 3 months / Total new S+ve cases registered in the respective quarterly patient cohort x 100	Less than 84.5% with black shade Grey shade wherever blank
Cure rate of new S+ve patients (%)	No. of new S+ve patients cured / Total new S+ve cases registered in the respective quarterly patient cohort x 100	Less than 79.5% with black shade Grey shade wherever blank
Treatment success rate of new S+ve patients	No. of new S+ve patients (cured + treatment completed) / Total new S+ve cases registered in the respective quarterly patient cohort x 100	Less than 79.5% with black shade Grey shade wherever blank

\* Estimated rate: For every 1% of Annual Risk of TB Infection (ARTI), there are expected to be 50 new S+ve cases per 1,00,000 population per year. Hence with a national ARTI of 1.5%, in India 75 new S+ve cases are expected nationally per 1,00,000 population per year. Estimated New Smear Positive cases / lakh population based on ARTI data for North Zone (Chandigarh, Delhi, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand) is 95; East Zone (Andaman & Nicobar, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Jharkhand, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Orissa, Sikkim, Tripura, West Bengal) is 75; South Zone (Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Lakshadweep, Pondicherry, Tamil Nadu) is 75 and West Zone (Chhattisgarh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Goa, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan) is 80

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Assam	Kamrup	26	2772	(3.5)	105	406	(14.6)	91%	625	94	207	31 (42)	<b>1.4</b>	<b>79%</b>		
Assam	Lakhimpur	9	731	(2.4)	78	154	(21.1)	98%	191	82	76	32 (43)	1.0	87%		
Assam	North Cachar Hills	2	345	(2.0)	176	38	(11.0)	100%	58	118	25	51 (68)	0.8	89%		
Assam	Sonitpur	18	1285	(2.3)	73	234	(18.2)	<b>86%</b>	515	117	172	39 (52)	<b>1.6</b>	89%		
Bihar	Muzaffarpur	40	1960	(4.7)	49	333	(17.0)	96%	846	84	263	26 (35)	<b>1.6</b>	93%	87%	91%
Bihar	Patna	51	4252	(6.0)	84	660	(15.5)	<b>88%</b>	1098	87	497	39 (52)	0.8	89%	83%	85%
Bihar	Vaishali	29	2085	(6.9)	71	266	(12.8)	91%	601	82	190	26 (35)	<b>1.4</b>	93%	88%	90%
Chandigarh	Chandigarh	10	2774	(3.5)	278	415	(15.0)	96%	451	181	155	62 (65)	0.6	93%	83%	83%
Chhattisgarh	Bilaspur-CG	21	2873	(2.8)	137	317	(11.0)	<b>89%</b>	631	120	234	45 (56)	1.2	93%	85%	85%
Chhattisgarh	Dhamtari	7	695	(2.5)	94	131	(18.8)	<b>89%</b>	134		79		<b>0.2</b>			
Chhattisgarh	Durg	29	2414	(2.3)	82	345	(14.3)	<b>86%</b>	697	95	246	33 (42)	<b>1.3</b>	92%	81%	84%
Chhattisgarh	Janjgir	14	1044	(3.2)	75	115	(11.0)	92%	272		88		<b>1.7</b>			
Chhattisgarh	Kanker	7	1600	(2.2)	234	114	(7.1)	100%	142		89		<b>0.3</b>			
Chhattisgarh	Kawardha	6	351	(4.2)	57	74	(21.1)	<b>81%</b>	96		39		0.8			
Chhattisgarh	Raigarh-CG	13	1068	(2.4)	80	186	(17.4)	100%	327		150		0.8			
Chhattisgarh	Raipur	32	2922	(2.6)	92	370	(12.7)	93%	649	82	280	35 (44)	1.0	90%	80%	80%
Chhattisgarh	Rajnandgaon	13	1260	(3.4)	94	186	(14.8)	99%	411	122	138	41 (51)	<b>1.3</b>	<b>84%</b>	<b>73%</b>	<b>73%</b>
Delhi	BJRM Chest Clinic	3	1236	(3.1)	368	159	(12.9)	<b>89%</b>	244	291	76	91 (95)	0.9	95%	86%	86%
Delhi	DDU Chest Clinic	8	6078	(2.0)	776	405	(6.7)	100%	1010	516	271	138 (146)	0.9	89%	84%	84%
Delhi	GTB Chest Clinic	9	2512	(2.6)	280	415	(16.5)	<b>89%</b>	540	241	133	59 (63)	0.6	86%	81%	81%
Delhi	Gulabi Bagh	10	1970	(3.4)	196	277	(14.1)	90%	406	161	122	48 (51)	0.5	87%	92%	92%
Delhi	Jhandewalan	6	1091	(4.1)	195	199	(18.2)	91%	356	254	94	67 (71)	0.6	96%	84%	84%
Delhi	Karawal Nagar	10	1809	(1.7)	180	465	(25.7)	90%	1125	447	314	125 (131)	0.6	<b>82%</b>	<b>75%</b>	<b>75%</b>
Delhi	Kingsway	4	1542	(2.3)	344	246	(16.0)	96%	323	289	89	79 (84)	0.9	93%	86%	86%
Delhi	LN Chest Clinic	3	901	(2.2)	268	126	(14.0)	98%	121	144	33	39 (41)	0.4	94%	96%	96%
Delhi	LRS	18	5568	(7.6)	311	586	(10.5)	98%	995	222	280	63 (66)	0.7	89%	85%	85%
Delhi	Moti Nagar	6	1006	(2.0)	180	117	(11.6)	92%	286	204	65	46 (49)	1.0	91%	<b>74%</b>	<b>74%</b>
Delhi	Narela	6	1165	(1.7)	208	178	(15.3)	97%	266	190	77	55 (58)	0.9	94%	82%	82%
Delhi	NDMC	4	1275	(5.1)	285	222	(17.4)	91%	195	174	73	65 (69)	0.4	93%	82%	82%
Delhi	NDTC	2	595	(5.7)	266	103	(17.3)	<b>88%</b>	210	375	56	100 (105)	0.6	91%	89%	89%
Delhi	Nehru Nagar	20	2728	(2.8)	135	466	(17.1)	95%	892	177	310	62 (65)	0.5	86%	81%	81%
Delhi	Patparganj	8	1716	(1.5)	219	317	(18.5)	<b>87%</b>	605	309	181	92 (97)	0.6	86%	<b>77%</b>	<b>78%</b>
Delhi	RK Mission	9	1419	(2.3)	158	288	(20.3)	98%	448	200	150	67 (71)	0.7	91%	86%	86%
Delhi	RTRM Chest Clinic	4	932	(1.2)	208	134	(14.4)	93%	301	269	92	82 (87)	0.5	88%	90%	90%

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Delhi	SGM Chest Clinic	9	3108	(6.0)	347	552	(17.8)	100%	1223	546	335	150 (157)	0.9	92%	87%	87%
Delhi	Shahadra	9	1905	(5.4)	213	286	(15.0)	96%	695	310	168	75 (79)	1.0	89%	84%	86%
Delhi	SPM Marg	6	948	(3.3)	169	221	(23.3)	86%	329	235	113	81 (85)	0.6	92%	86%	86%
Gujarat	Ahmadabad	24	2795	(3.0)	115	501	(17.9)	102%	747	123	264	43 (54)	0.9	92%	86%	86%
Gujarat	AMC	37	8060	(3.6)	216	1437	(17.8)	88%	2021	216	582	62 (78)	0.5	87%	85%	85%
Gujarat	Amreli	15	2366	(2.2)	160	245	(10.4)	87%	308	83	145	39 (49)	0.5	96%	88%	90%
Gujarat	Anand	20	2856	(2.6)	145	539	(18.9)	94%	725	147	310	63 (79)	0.5	92%	85%	85%
Gujarat	Banas Kantha	27	3403	(2.4)	128	570	(16.7)	90%	1044	157	355	53 (67)	1.0	93%	85%	85%
Gujarat	Bharuch	20	2511	(1.7)	125	477	(19.0)	87%	647	129	279	56 (70)	0.6	94%	76%	76%
Gujarat	Bhavnagar	26	3616	(2.4)	138	730	(20.2)	82%	765	117	227	35 (43)	0.8	92%	87%	87%
Gujarat	Dahod	17	3390	(2.6)	195	564	(16.6)	86%	791	182	328	75 (94)	0.4	92%	86%	87%
Gujarat	Gandhinagar	14	2704	(2.8)	191	470	(17.4)	88%	512	144	227	64 (80)	0.4	93%	88%	88%
Gujarat	Jamnagar	20	2950	(3.3)	145	319	(10.8)	98%	558	110	206	41 (51)	0.6	96%	86%	87%
Gujarat	Junagadh	32	4208	(1.5)	133	490	(11.6)	96%	877	111	314	40 (49)	0.7	91%	87%	87%
Gujarat	Kheda	22	2567	(2.8)	119	554	(21.6)	86%	782	145	310	58 (72)	0.5	92%	86%	87%
Gujarat	Mahesana	20	3016	(2.5)	154	448	(14.9)	95%	715	146	317	65 (81)	0.6	96%	88%	88%
Gujarat	Panch Mahals	22	3033	(1.8)	141	808	(26.6)	86%	1103	205	436	81 (101)	0.7	91%	82%	82%
Gujarat	Patan	13	2703	(2.8)	215	393	(14.5)	90%	407	130	170	54 (68)	0.6	90%	83%	83%
Gujarat	Rajkot	34	6267	(2.8)	187	645	(10.3)	97%	898	107	380	45 (57)	0.5	95%	87%	88%
Gujarat	Sabar Kantha	22	3320	(2.6)	150	595	(17.9)	87%	836	151	351	63 (79)	0.6	91%	84%	85%
Gujarat	Surat	16	2256	(3.2)	140	389	(17.2)	86%	476	118	183	45 (57)	0.7	91%	77%	79%
Gujarat	Surat Municipal Corp	26	4035	(4.4)	156	499	(12.4)	95%	969	150	309	48 (60)	0.6	88%	93%	93%
Gujarat	Surendranagar	16	3069	(3.5)	191	479	(15.6)	90%	493	122	195	48 (61)	0.6	90%	85%	85%
Gujarat	The Dangs	2	377	(2.4)	190	36	(9.5)	100%	53	107	24	48 (60)	0.6	96%	83%	83%
Gujarat	Vadodara	15	1701	(3.0)	112	302	(17.8)	81%	410	108	175	46 (58)	0.7	90%	76%	77%
Gujarat	Vadodara Corp	14	2621	(2.7)	189	517	(19.7)	93%	524	151	209	60 (75)	0.7	94%	89%	89%
Gujarat	Valsad	28	3404	(2.2)	121	525	(15.4)	87%	723	103	324	46 (58)	0.5	92%	81%	81%
Gujarat	Vyara(Surat)	11	1687	(2.3)	151	276	(16.4)	83%	466	167	181	65 (81)	1.0	92%	82%	83%
Haryana	Ambala	11	2440	(4.9)	224	233	(9.5)	70%	275	101	115	42 (44)	0.6	71%		
Haryana	Bhiwani	15	1708	(5.0)	111	268	(15.7)	87%	233		90		1.0			
Haryana	Faridabad	24	2596	(2.3)	110	458	(17.6)	94%	855	145	330	56 (59)	0.8	90%	82%	83%
Haryana	Fatehabad	9	1025	(1.8)	118	321	(31.3)	87%	340		187		0.3			
Haryana	Gurgaon	18	3164	(2.6)	177	417	(13.2)	88%	564	126	202	45 (48)	0.7	90%	82%	82%
Haryana	Hisar	17	2422	(2.3)	146	589	(24.3)	89%	418		206		0.3			

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Haryana	Jhajjar	10	301	(1.9)	31	83	(27.6)	100%	72		40		0.5			
Haryana	Jind	13	1940	(2.5)	151	315	(16.2)	100%	383	120	188	59 (62)	0.3	92%	85%	85%
Haryana	Kaithal	10	923	(2.5)	91	214	(23.2)	69%	235		116		0.6			
Haryana	Karnal	14	1942	(3.6)	141	389	(20.0)	100%	498	145	208	61 (64)	0.6	96%		
Haryana	Kurukshetra	9	833	(4.5)	93	119	(14.3)	99%	126		58		0.4			
Haryana	Mahendragarh	9	1642	(2.5)	188	216	(13.2)	100%	320	146	128	59 (62)	0.7	100%		
Haryana	Panchkula	5	832	(1.5)	165	132	(15.9)	96%	180	142	81	64 (67)	0.3	75%		
Haryana	Panipat	10	721	(3.2)	69	150	(20.8)	82%	122		65		0.4			
Haryana	Rewari	8	1015	(1.9)	123	224	(22.1)	87%	241	117	96	47 (49)	0.4	100%		
Haryana	Rohtak	10	3080	(6.5)	304	449	(14.6)	59%	284		143		0.3			
Haryana	Sirsa	12	1533	(2.4)	128	442	(28.8)	73%	374		186		0.1			
Haryana	Sonipat	14	1816	(2.9)	132	295	(16.2)	90%	465	135	165	48 (50)	1.0	89%	85%	86%
Haryana	Yamunanagar	11	1415	(2.0)	134	214	(15.1)	85%	354	134	155	59 (62)	0.6	81%		
Himachal Pradesh	Bilaspur-HP	4	1071	(2.7)	299	76	(7.1)	100%	171	191	71	79 (84)	0.6	100%	91%	93%
Himachal Pradesh	Chamba	5	842	(2.8)	174	134	(15.9)	98%	259	214	110	91 (96)	0.5	95%	85%	85%
Himachal Pradesh	Hamirpur-HP	4	1408	(1.9)	326	133	(9.4)	93%	208	192	81	75 (79)	0.5	96%	90%	90%
Himachal Pradesh	Kangra	14	2691	(2.6)	192	412	(15.3)	94%	666	190	242	69 (73)	0.7	92%	89%	89%
Himachal Pradesh	Kinnaur	0.9	332	(2.3)	377	12	(3.6)	75%	35	159	5	23 (24)	4.4	86%	87%	87%
Himachal Pradesh	Kullu	4	1268	(2.7)	318	137	(10.8)	93%	398	399	111	111 (117)	1.3	92%	86%	86%
Himachal Pradesh	Lahul & Spiti	0.3	123	(1.8)	353	3	(2.4)	100%	9	103	2	23 (24)	0.0	75%	100%	100%
Himachal Pradesh	Mandi	9	1888	(1.8)	200	324	(17.2)	94%	578	244	218	92 (97)	0.5	75%	71%	81%
Himachal Pradesh	Shimla	8	1849	(2.2)	244	231	(12.5)	95%	319	168	116	61 (64)	0.5	93%	89%	89%
Himachal Pradesh	Sirmaur	5	1130	(2.5)	235	139	(12.3)	79%	241	200	90	75 (79)	0.6	89%	89%	91%
Himachal Pradesh	Solan	5	2095	(2.3)	400	302	(14.4)	85%	227	173	103	79 (83)	0.2	92%	85%	85%
Himachal Pradesh	Una	5	975	(1.4)	207	139	(14.3)	92%	215	183	97	83 (87)	0.4	94%	89%	91%
Jharkhand	Deoghar	12	1342	(3.8)	109	153	(11.4)	98%	216	70	95	31 (41)	0.9	96%		
Jharkhand	Dhanbad	25	1879	(2.1)	74	303	(16.1)	100%	501	79	195	31 (41)	1.0	81%		
Jharkhand	Hazaribagh	24	1939	(5.4)	80	312	(16.1)	100%	631	104	240	40 (53)	1.3	91%	64%	90%
Jharkhand	Palamu	22	2039	(3.4)	92	421	(20.6)	96%	692	124	327	59 (78)	0.7	96%	95%	96%
Jharkhand	Ranchi	30	2578	(3.6)	87	392	(15.2)	99%	753	102	287	39 (52)	1.0	94%	94%	94%
Karnataka	Bagalkot	17	2197	(2.7)	127	234	(10.7)	94%	436	101	182	42 (56)	1.0	92%	89%	89%
Karnataka	Bangalore City	44	9422	(2.5)	215	1590	(16.9)	99%	1300	119	443	40 (54)	0.6	89%	85%	86%
Karnataka	Bangalore Rural	20	3277	(1.9)	166	285	(8.7)	96%	588	119	258	52 (70)	0.6	81%	64%	72%
Karnataka	Bangalore U	25	1573	(1.9)	64	152	(9.7)	100%	627	102	244	40 (53)	0.7	89%	88%	88%

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Karnataka	Belgaum	44	5507	(3.1)	125	522	(9.5)	95%	1092	99	404	37 (49)	0.9	84%		
Karnataka	Bellary	21	4349	(3.5)	205	788	(18.1)	100%	703	132	310	58 (78)	0.8	93%	84%	84%
Karnataka	Bidar	16	1763	(2.4)	112	249	(14.1)	96%	387	98	152	39 (51)	0.8	86%	64%	65%
Karnataka	Bijapur	19	1895	(2.2)	100	263	(13.9)	97%	516	109	196	41 (55)	1.1	90%	81%	81%
Karnataka	Chamarajanagar	10	628	(1.5)	62	59	(9.4)	37%	28		14		0.1			
Karnataka	Chikmagalur	12	2470	(1.6)	207	184	(7.4)	94%	344	115	133	45 (59)	0.6	89%	90%	90%
Karnataka	Chitradurga	16	3028	(2.3)	191	291	(9.6)	100%	542	137	245	62 (82)	0.9	87%	78%	78%
Karnataka	Dakshina Kannada	20	2430	(1.6)	122	217	(8.9)	96%	343	69	145	29 (39)	0.7	87%	80%	82%
Karnataka	Davanagere	19	2804	(1.9)	149	419	(14.9)	73%	640	136	234	50 (66)	1.0	91%	86%	86%
Karnataka	Dharwad	17	1989	(2.0)	118	298	(15.0)	73%	441	105	159	38 (50)	0.7	84%		
Karnataka	Gadag	10	1859	(2.4)	182	366	(19.7)	94%	274	108	126	49 (66)	0.5	81%	73%	74%
Karnataka	Gulbarga	33	2466	(1.5)	75	418	(17.0)	95%	876	107	277	34 (45)	1.3	87%	67%	67%
Karnataka	Hassan	18	4060	(1.3)	225	264	(6.5)	95%	485	107	184	41 (54)	0.6	89%	81%	81%
Karnataka	Kolar	26	3913	(1.4)	148	465	(11.9)	92%	725	110	319	48 (64)	0.7	89%	82%	82%
Karnataka	Koppal	13	2050	(3.1)	164	267	(13.0)	98%	476	152	195	62 (83)	0.9	92%	87%	87%
Karnataka	Mandya	18	4411	(2.4)	239	444	(10.1)	94%	600	130	245	53 (71)	0.8	93%	86%	86%
Karnataka	Mysore	28	6577	(1.9)	239	650	(9.9)	97%	927	135	346	50 (67)	0.9	90%	79%	82%
Karnataka	Raichur	17	2577	(3.1)	149	402	(15.6)	100%	724	168	273	63 (84)	1.0	95%	94%	94%
Karnataka	Shimoga	17	3650	(2.1)	212	346	(9.5)	97%	502	117	178	41 (55)	1.1	84%	63%	66%
Karnataka	Tumkur	27	3824	(1.4)	141	487	(12.7)	98%	765	113	324	48 (64)	0.6	82%	80%	80%
Karnataka	Udupi	12	240	(2.8)	21	43	(17.9)	100%	41		27		0.3			
Kerala	Alappuzha	22	3772	(1.2)	174	246	(6.5)	96%	527	97	202	37 (50)	0.9	87%	89%	92%
Kerala	Ernakulam	32	5674	(2.2)	178	418	(7.4)	98%	664	83	289	36 (48)	0.6	85%	88%	89%
Kerala	Idukki	12	1941	(1.1)	167	92	(4.7)	99%	165	57	87	30 (40)	0.3	93%	91%	91%
Kerala	Kannur	25	3922	(1.6)	158	278	(7.1)	94%	465	75	194	31 (42)	0.5	93%	86%	86%
Kerala	Kasaragod	12	1839	(2.2)	149	114	(6.2)	100%	220	71	93	30 (40)	0.6	84%	85%	85%
Kerala	Kollam	27	4334	(2.2)	163	345	(8.0)	100%	683	103	281	42 (56)	1.0	92%	90%	90%
Kerala	Kottayam	20	5333	(1.3)	266	306	(5.7)	99%	479	95	255	51 (68)	0.3	90%	91%	92%
Kerala	Kozhikode	30	5175	(1.6)	175	363	(7.0)	80%	617	83	250	34 (45)	0.5	89%	86%	87%
Kerala	Malappuram	37	4856	(2.5)	130	315	(6.5)	98%	643	69	257	28 (37)	0.7	87%	87%	89%
Kerala	Palakkad	27	3837	(1.7)	143	312	(8.1)	97%	551	82	242	36 (48)	0.4	92%	86%	87%
Kerala	Pathanamthitta	13	1700	(1.9)	134	130	(7.6)	100%	225	71	115	36 (48)	0.4	93%	89%	89%
Kerala	Thiruvananthapuram	33	7508	(24.2)	226	356	(4.7)	98%	581	70	230	28 (37)	0.7	92%	89%	90%
Kerala	Thrissur	31	4828	(2.2)	158	474	(9.8)	95%	568	74	301	39 (53)	0.3	92%	89%	89%

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Kerala	Wayanad	8	89	(0.1)	11	85	(95.5)	1%	194	96	76	38 (50)	0.9	92%	92%	92%
Madhya Pradesh	Balaghat	15	1614	(3.1)	105	197	(12.2)	0%	439	114	161	42 (52)	1.1	88%		
Madhya Pradesh	Barwani	12	1433	(2.0)	124	174	(12.1)	98%	248	86	109	38 (47)	0.8	75%		
Madhya Pradesh	Bhopal	20	3694	(3.5)	188	573	(15.5)	91%	730	149	241	49 (61)	1.1	90%	93%	93%
Madhya Pradesh	Chhatarpur	16	2192	(5.3)	139	584	(26.6)	66%	324	82	170	43 (54)	0.5	78%		
Madhya Pradesh	Chhindwara	20	1566	(2.2)	79	275	(17.6)	61%	409	83	164	33 (42)	1.0	84%		
Madhya Pradesh	Damoh	12	1717	(3.2)	149	410	(23.9)	81%	560	194	308	107 (133)	0.5	87%	73%	79%
Madhya Pradesh	Dewas	14	1146	(2.1)	82	182	(15.9)	95%	345	99	126	36 (45)	1.1	87%	76%	76%
Madhya Pradesh	Dhar	19	2350	(3.3)	126	269	(11.4)	92%	458	99	175	38 (47)	1.1	82%		
Madhya Pradesh	Dindori	6	348	(2.0)	56	78	(22.4)	83%	100	65	47	30 (38)	0.4	59%		
Madhya Pradesh	Guna	18	2089	(4.4)	117	438	(21.0)	95%	595	134	262	59 (74)	0.8	84%		
Madhya Pradesh	Harda	5	386	(1.8)	76	42	(10.9)	93%	104	82	27	21 (27)	1.5	65%	75%	78%
Madhya Pradesh	Hoshangabad	12	2072	(3.0)	179	264	(12.7)	87%	404	140	141	49 (61)	0.9	95%	94%	94%
Madhya Pradesh	Indore	28	2180	(3.6)	79	403	(18.5)	80%	556	81	197	29 (36)	0.7	82%		
Madhya Pradesh	Jabalpur	23	1744	(2.5)	75	425	(24.4)	76%	632	109	239	41 (52)	1.0	78%		
Madhya Pradesh	Jhabua	15	1765	(3.1)	118	214	(12.1)	100%	434	116	176	47 (59)	0.9	90%		
Madhya Pradesh	Katni	11	901	(2.3)	79	200	(22.2)	100%	431	152	151	53 (66)	1.4	93%	68%	74%
Madhya Pradesh	Khandwa	18.2	1613	(2.5)	88	221	(13.7)	95%	400	88	179	39 (49)	0.9	91%		
Madhya Pradesh	Khargone	16.3	1508	(2.4)	92	224	(14.9)	100%	427	105	171	42 (52)	1.0	94%		
Madhya Pradesh	Mandla	10	1174	(3.1)	123	220	(18.7)	77%	261	109	125	52 (65)	0.5	82%		
Madhya Pradesh	Mandsaur	13	1033	(2.0)	82	185	(17.9)	93%	306	97	129	41 (51)	0.9	91%	80%	80%
Madhya Pradesh	Narsimhapur	10	897	(1.8)	88	227	(25.3)	82%	274	107	130	51 (64)	0.5	78%		
Madhya Pradesh	Neemuch	8	993	(2.6)	128	115	(11.6)	86%	281	145	80	41 (52)	1.4	83%	82%	82%
Madhya Pradesh	Raisen	12	881	(1.7)	74	121	(13.7)	90%	378	126	88	29 (37)	2.3	90%	87%	89%
Madhya Pradesh	Rajgarh	13	1331	(2.2)	99	199	(15.0)	93%	484	145	131	39 (49)	1.5	91%	77%	83%
Madhya Pradesh	Ratlam	13	1277	(3.0)	98	224	(17.5)	93%	325	100	83	26 (32)	1.3	72%	62%	73%
Madhya Pradesh	Sagar	22	2633	(3.4)	122	338	(12.8)	84%	642	119	201	37 (47)	1.7	91%		
Madhya Pradesh	Satna	20	1541	(1.8)	77	286	(18.6)	80%	600	120	168	34 (42)	2.0	91%		
Madhya Pradesh	Sehore	12	1194	(1.8)	104	101	(8.5)	96%	279	97	81	28 (35)	1.4	89%	87%	87%
Madhya Pradesh	Tikamgarh	13	1019	(2.7)	79	179	(17.6)	102%	346	108	152	47 (59)	1.0	85%		
Madhya Pradesh	Ujjain	18	1804	(2.4)	99	291	(16.1)	99%	457	100	181	40 (50)	1.0	90%		
Madhya Pradesh	Umaria	6	284	(1.6)	52	44	(15.5)	95%	88	64	36	26 (33)	0.6	86%		
Madhya Pradesh	Vidisha	13	1828	(3.0)	141	311	(17.0)	100%	586	181	224	69 (86)	0.9	91%	82%	83%
Maharashtra	Ahmednagar	43	4358	(2.5)	100	338	(7.8)	96%	827	76	265	24 (30)	1.3	91%	85%	85%

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Maharashtra	Akola	17	2220	(3.1)	128	318	(14.3)	97%	495	114	200	46 (58)	0.9	90%	82%	84%
Maharashtra	Amravati Mun Corp	6	2035	(3.2)	348	228	(11.2)	93%	195	134	62	42 (53)	1.0	92%	75%	75%
Maharashtra	Amravati Rural	22	2827	(2.7)	129	338	(12.0)	83%	688	126	252	46 (58)	0.8	85%	86%	86%
Maharashtra	Aurangabad Muni Corp	9	1657	(4.2)	179	217	(13.1)	97%	226	97	81	35 (44)	0.8	92%	88%	88%
Maharashtra	Aurangabad-MH	22	1981	(3.0)	91	271	(13.7)	100%	553	102	224	41 (51)	1.0	95%	92%	92%
Maharashtra	Bhandara	12	2463	(3.6)	204	221	(9.0)	95%	370	123	131	43 (54)	0.9	93%	84%	84%
Maharashtra	Bid	23	3328	(3.2)	145	305	(9.2)	97%	499	87	222	39 (48)	0.7	88%	85%	85%
Maharashtra	Buldana	24	3889	(3.8)	164	563	(14.5)	93%	739	125	254	43 (54)	1.0	92%		
Maharashtra	Chandrapur	22	3320	(2.8)	150	357	(10.8)	100%	769	139	277	50 (63)	1.0	93%	87%	87%
Maharashtra	Dhule	18	3176	(3.1)	175	370	(11.6)	97%	722	159	277	61 (76)	1.1	92%	86%	88%
Maharashtra	Gadchiroli	10	1491	(2.5)	145	149	(10.0)	94%	298	116	112	43 (54)	1.2	91%	88%	88%
Maharashtra	Gondiya	13	2805	(3.4)	220	259	(9.2)	98%	502	157	188	59 (74)	1.0	90%	86%	86%
Maharashtra	Hingoli	10	1096	(3.3)	104	150	(13.7)	98%	281	107	100	38 (48)	1.0	93%	82%	87%
Maharashtra	Jalgaon	39	5070	(3.3)	130	634	(12.5)	96%	1196	122	536	55 (69)	0.9	92%	87%	87%
Maharashtra	Jalna	17	1729	(2.1)	101	273	(15.8)	94%	559	130	194	45 (57)	1.2	79%	76%	80%
Maharashtra	Kalyan Dombivli MC	13	1200	(4.2)	95	214	(17.8)	88%	398	126	140	44 (55)	0.9	84%	57%	68%
Maharashtra	Kolhapur	32	3638	(2.4)	113	469	(12.9)	98%	898	112	400	50 (62)	0.8	93%	88%	88%
Maharashtra	Kolhapur Mun Corp	5	538	(3.1)	104	71	(13.2)	94%	162	126	64	50 (62)	0.8	90%	87%	87%
Maharashtra	Latur	22	2965	(2.4)	134	249	(8.4)	98%	448	81	227	41 (51)	0.4	85%	89%	91%
Maharashtra	Mumbai	127	19519	(2.8)	154	3332	(17.1)	81%	6517	206	2066	65 (82)	0.9	90%	86%	86%
Maharashtra	Nagpur Muni Corp	22	3818	(2.8)	175	653	(17.1)	94%	910	167	312	57 (72)	0.6	92%	80%	80%
Maharashtra	Nagpur Rural	21	1895	(2.7)	89	294	(15.5)	99%	564	106	291	55 (68)	0.5	96%	92%	92%
Maharashtra	Nanded	26	2356	(2.0)	91	444	(18.8)	87%	685	106	264	41 (51)	0.9	91%	83%	83%
Maharashtra	Nanded Waghela MC	5	366	(6.0)	80	65	(17.8)		166	145	61	53 (67)	1.0	72%		
Maharashtra	Nandurbar	14	2067	(3.0)	149	215	(10.4)	100%	480	138	174	50 (63)	1.3	92%	86%	89%
Maharashtra	Nasik	42	7113	(3.5)	171	881	(12.4)	93%	1583	152	699	67 (84)	0.8	94%	88%	88%
Maharashtra	Nasik Corp	11	1466	(3.7)	128	133	(9.1)	100%	347	121	97	34 (42)	1.2	88%	77%	79%
Maharashtra	Navi Mumbai	7	2018	(3.5)	270	213	(10.6)	91%	378	202	128	68 (86)	0.8	93%	79%	79%
Maharashtra	Omanabad	16	1203	(2.0)	77	238	(19.8)	99%	522	133	198	51 (63)	1.2	94%	83%	83%
Maharashtra	Parbhani	16	1618	(2.9)	102	166	(10.3)	96%	417	105	150	38 (47)	1.3	90%	85%	85%
Maharashtra	Pimpri Chinchwad	11	1857	(3.4)	174	227	(12.2)	100%	421	157	147	55 (69)	0.5	94%	85%	85%
Maharashtra	Pune	27	432	(0.5)	16	424	(98.1)	99%	906	134	339	50 (63)	0.6	91%	89%	89%
Maharashtra	Pune Rural	39	6052	(3.4)	155	786	(13.0)	98%	1103	113	463	47 (59)	0.6	88%	83%	84%
Maharashtra	Raigarh-MH	23	3010	(3.1)	128	458	(15.2)	96%	819	140	346	59 (74)	0.8	93%	88%	88%

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Maharashtra	Ratnagiri	18	2396	(2.6)	133	339	(14.1)	89%	716	159	268	59 (74)	1.0	91%	83%	86%
Maharashtra	Sangli	23	3081	(3.1)	135	382	(12.4)	101%	710	125	291	51 (64)	0.7	90%	89%	89%
Maharashtra	Sangli Muni Corp	5	485	(4.3)	104	79	(16.3)	99%	170	147	73	63 (79)	0.5	100%	90%	90%
Maharashtra	Satara	30	4198	(3.3)	141	544	(13.0)	99%	1003	135	423	57 (71)	0.8	91%	85%	88%
Maharashtra	Sindhudurg	9	1862	(3.0)	203	121	(6.5)	93%	253	110	88	38 (48)	1.0	93%	87%	87%
Maharashtra	Solapur	32	7444	(4.8)	235	514	(6.9)	94%	822	104	402	51 (63)	0.7	91%	86%	86%
Maharashtra	Solapur Muni Corp	9	1598	(3.3)	172	266	(16.6)	93%	338	146	140	60 (75)	0.7	96%	77%	77%
Maharashtra	Thane	48	6011	(3.2)	126	872	(14.5)	101%	1711	143	723	60 (76)	0.8	93%	87%	90%
Maharashtra	Thane Muni Corp	13	2350	(3.0)	175	420	(17.9)	92%	690	206	211	63 (79)	0.6	91%	87%	87%
Maharashtra	Ulhasnagar Mun Corp	5	792	(3.8)	158	208	(26.3)	90%	196	156	83	66 (83)	0.6	93%		
Maharashtra	Wardha	13	2100	(2.7)	161	200	(9.5)	91%	508	155	200	61 (76)	0.9	92%	87%	87%
Maharashtra	Washim	11	1339	(2.3)	124	131	(9.8)	98%	374	138	117	43 (54)	1.3	93%		
Maharashtra	Yavatmal	26	3408	(2.1)	130	444	(13.0)	93%	808	124	282	43 (54)	1.1	86%	81%	83%
Manipur	Bishnupur	2	228	(2.2)	102	36	(15.8)	94%	147	264	40	72 (96)	1.5	94%	89%	91%
Manipur	Chandel	1.3	212	(7.5)	160	13	(6.1)	100%	50	151	13	39 (52)	1.2	93%	88%	88%
Manipur	Churachandpur	2	477	(1.7)	193	47	(9.9)	100%	178	288	47	76 (101)	1.3	74%	84%	88%
Manipur	Imphal East	4	332	(2.9)	78	40	(12.0)	100%	213	200	40	38 (50)	2.3	91%	76%	76%
Manipur	Imphal West	5	1004	(6.9)	211	87	(8.7)	99%	220	185	70	59 (79)	1.0	94%	85%	85%
Manipur	Senapati	4	280	(2.7)	68	33	(11.8)	100%	90	88	33	32 (43)	0.8	97%	85%	85%
Manipur	Tamenglong	1.2	104	(2.0)	86	7	(6.7)	100%	16	53	6	20 (27)	0.8	89%	100%	100%
Manipur	Thoubal	4	302	(2.5)	76	47	(15.6)	100%	147	148	40	40 (54)	1.5	90%	81%	81%
Manipur	Ukhrul	1.5	182	(8.7)	119	17	(9.3)	100%	66	173	17	45 (59)	0.7	100%	84%	84%
Meghalaya	E Khasi Hills&Ri B	9	1050	(3.4)	114	163	(15.5)	100%	394	171	117	51 (68)	0.6	84%		
Meghalaya	East Garo Hills	3	195	(2.7)	73	34	(17.4)	100%	58	87	27	40 (54)	0.6	75%		
Meghalaya	Jaintia Hills	3	272	(2.0)	85	33	(12.1)	100%	67	84	33	41 (55)	0.7	68%		
Meghalaya	W & S Garo Hills	7	610	(1.6)	92	126	(20.7)	100%	177	106	87	52 (70)	0.4	72%		
Meghalaya	West Khasi Hills	3	450	(2.1)	141	78	(17.3)	99%	35	44	14	18 (23)	0.3	100%		
Mizoram	Aizawl	4	331	(2.1)	90	79	(23.9)	92%	188	205	60	65 (87)	0.7	92%		
Mizoram	Champhai	1.1	75	(1.9)	69	5	(6.7)	100%	32	117	8	29 (39)	1.4	100%		
Mizoram	Kolasib	0.7	340	(2.4)	516	24	(7.1)	100%	65	395	17	103 (138)	1.5	92%		
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	0.8	41	(4.4)	52	8	(19.5)	100%	19	96	8	41 (54)	0.6	67%		
Mizoram	Lunglei	1.5	285	(2.0)	192	43	(15.1)	100%	93	251	30	81 (108)	1.4	92%		
Mizoram	Mamit	0.7	87	(4.3)	129	9	(10.3)	100%	16	95	9	54 (71)	0.2	75%		
Mizoram	Saiha	0.7	141	(12.6)	215	14	(9.9)	100%	58	353	9	55 (73)	1.9	100%		

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Mizoram	Serchhip	0.6	117	(5.0)	195	5	(4.3)	100%	12	80	5	33 (44)	0.8	100%		
Nagaland	Kohima	4	439	(3.3)	120	27	(6.2)	96%	72	79	26	29 (38)	0.1	68%	64%	69%
Nagaland	Mokokchung	3	355	(2.4)	135	25	(7.0)	100%	62	94	25	38 (51)	0.2	100%	100%	100%
Nagaland	Mon	3	344	(4.9)	114	62	(18.0)	63%	82	109	39	52 (69)	0.3	90%	88%	88%
Nagaland	Phek	1.7	91	(25.9)	53	12	(13.2)	100%	23	53	12	28 (37)	0.0	38%	40%	40%
Nagaland	Tuensang	5	850	(5.6)	177	90	(10.6)	89%	215	179	81	67 (90)	0.6	94%	89%	89%
Nagaland	Wokha	1.9	309	(11.0)	165	16	(5.2)	100%	28	60	12	26 (34)	1.0	100%	92%	92%
Nagaland	Zunheboto	1.8	78	(4.5)	43	12	(15.4)	100%	28	62	12	27 (36)	0.8	100%	43%	43%
Orissa	Angul	12	1075	(1.3)	90	212	(19.7)	84%	275	92	136	46 (61)	0.3	74%		
Orissa	Balangir	14	1471	(2.1)	105	261	(17.7)	100%	406		132		1.5			
Orissa	Baleshwar	21	2564	(2.4)	121	347	(13.5)	86%	502	95	187	35 (47)	0.8	68%		
Orissa	Bargarh	14	832	(1.5)	59	195	(23.4)	99%	362		155		0.9			
Orissa	Baudh	4	580	(1.6)	149	69	(11.9)	97%	134	137	64	66 (88)	0.5	81%		
Orissa	Bhadrak	14	855	(1.0)	61	84	(9.8)	87%	202	58	71	20 (27)	0.6	72%		
Orissa	Cuttack	24	1886	(1.0)	77	341	(18.1)	100%	500	82	214	35 (47)	0.5	69%		
Orissa	Debagarh	3	300	(0.9)	105	27	(9.0)	92%	46	64	21	29 (39)	0.7	92%	90%	93%
Orissa	Dhenkanal	11	1129	(1.4)	101	169	(15.0)	100%	344	123	145	52 (69)	1.0	76%		
Orissa	Gajapati	5	711	(2.0)	131	135	(19.0)	92%	230	170	86	63 (85)	1.0	76%	68%	80%
Orissa	Ganjam	33	1552	(2.1)	47	475	(30.6)	97%	582		268		0.5			
Orissa	Jagatsinghpur	11	740	(0.9)	67	70	(9.5)	100%	140	51	63	23 (30)	0.4	74%		
Orissa	Jajapur	17	985	(1.1)	58	96	(9.7)	100%	215		96		0.4			
Orissa	Jharsuguda	5	668	(1.3)	126	81	(12.1)	88%	159	120	65	49 (65)	0.8	96%	89%	89%
Orissa	Kalahandi	14	2196	(2.3)	157	413	(18.8)	91%	521	149	312	89 (119)	0.3	89%	87%	88%
Orissa	Kandhamal	7	1154	(1.9)	170	182	(15.8)	93%	199	118	119	70 (94)	0.2	86%	77%	85%
Orissa	Kendrapara	14	794	(1.0)	58	67	(8.4)	100%	184	54	52	15 (20)	1.2	95%		
Orissa	Kendujhar	16	2649	(2.7)	162	300	(11.3)	93%	507	124	230	56 (75)	0.6	91%	86%	88%
Orissa	Khordha	11	294	(0.7)	27	35	(11.9)	100%	59		24		0.8			
Orissa	Koraput	12	1636	(3.5)	133	252	(15.4)	77%	307	100	169	55 (73)	0.3	93%	88%	89%
Orissa	Malkangiri	5	721	(2.8)	144	134	(18.6)	76%	149	119	91	73 (97)	0.3	76%	80%	80%
Orissa	Mayurbhanj	23	3333	(2.0)	144	590	(17.7)	92%	1066	184	483	83 (111)	0.8	88%	83%	87%
Orissa	Nabarangapur	11	161	(0.4)	15	159	(98.8)	1%	237	89	123	46 (62)	0.6	90%	88%	88%
Orissa	Nayagarh	9	232	(0.6)	26	18	(7.8)	61%	10		1		4.0			
Orissa	Nuapada	6	501	(1.2)	90	95	(19.0)	78%	186	134	73	53 (70)	0.9	62%	40%	64%
Orissa	Puri	16	1744	(1.2)	111	0	(0.0)	96%	292	75	112	29 (38)	0.5	76%		

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Orissa	Rayagada	9	1533	(2.4)	178	250	(16.3)	89%	315	146	195	91 (121)	0.3	92%	89%	89%
Orissa	Sambalpur	10	1781	(1.3)	183	232	(13.0)	86%	304	125	129	53 (71)	0.7	85%	74%	86%
Orissa	Sonapur	6	230	(1.4)	41	43	(18.7)	100%	24		10		0.9			
Orissa	Sundargarh	19	3687	(2.6)	193	456	(12.4)	86%	770	161	331	69 (92)	0.7	91%	86%	87%
Pondicherry	Pondicherry	10	1720	(1.2)	167	127	(7.4)	100%	132		61		0.6			
Punjab	Amritsar	32	3134	(2.1)	97	728	(23.2)	92%	1065	131	423	52 (55)	0.6	93%	84%	88%
Punjab	Bathinda	12	1658	(1.6)	133	218	(13.1)	89%	349	112	124	40 (42)	0.8	91%	81%	85%
Punjab	Fatehgarh Sahib	6	499	(0.9)	88	57	(11.4)	96%	157	110	53	37 (39)	0.7	94%	80%	80%
Punjab	Hoshiarpur	16	2397	(2.0)	154	308	(12.8)	90%	373	96	164	42 (44)	0.4	92%	84%	84%
Punjab	Ludhiana	32	3794	(2.2)	119	513	(13.5)	88%	1081	135	374	47 (49)	1.1	92%	81%	84%
Punjab	Nawanshahr	6	524	(1.7)	85	55	(10.5)	92%	135	87	44	28 (30)	1.1	80%	78%	83%
Punjab	Patiala	19	3175	(2.1)	164	304	(9.6)	97%	566	117	203	42 (44)	0.6	92%	86%	88%
Punjab	Rupnagar	12	2183	(1.6)	186	181	(8.3)	92%	314	107	126	43 (45)	0.6	91%	85%	85%
Punjab	Sangrur	21	2147	(1.5)	102	231	(10.8)	93%	458	87	172	33 (34)	0.9	88%	86%	86%
Rajasthan	Ajmer	24	3422	(2.4)	146	932	(27.2)	84%	1238	211	426	73 (91)	1.0	92%	85%	85%
Rajasthan	Alwar	32	3810	(2.4)	118	630	(16.5)	85%	1153	143	370	46 (57)	1.3	91%	82%	83%
Rajasthan	Banswara	16	2228	(2.6)	138	454	(20.4)	97%	652	161	295	73 (91)	0.6	93%	87%	93%
Rajasthan	Baran	11	1772	(2.3)	161	370	(20.9)	88%	538	195	229	83 (104)	0.6	93%	86%	88%
Rajasthan	Barmer	21	2975	(3.5)	141	381	(12.8)	99%	692	131	274	52 (65)	1.1	93%	87%	87%
Rajasthan	Bharatpur	23	2844	(2.6)	126	493	(17.3)	84%	705	125	257	45 (57)	0.9	88%	85%	86%
Rajasthan	Bhilwara	22	4349	(3.2)	201	735	(16.9)	97%	1101	203	406	75 (94)	0.8	96%	88%	88%
Rajasthan	Bikaner	20	1790	(2.5)	88	370	(20.7)	98%	657	129	238	47 (58)	0.7	91%	85%	86%
Rajasthan	Bundi	10	1198	(2.9)	116	191	(15.9)	93%	335	129	118	46 (57)	1.1	95%	87%	89%
Rajasthan	Chittaurgarh	19	2741	(2.7)	141	453	(16.5)	92%	662	136	281	58 (72)	0.5	92%	88%	90%
Rajasthan	Churu	18	1813	(1.9)	99	410	(22.6)	98%	813	178	266	58 (73)	0.9	94%	82%	82%
Rajasthan	Dausa	14	2163	(2.6)	152	370	(17.1)	95%	535	151	189	53 (67)	0.8	94%	90%	92%
Rajasthan	Dhaulpur	11	1250	(2.5)	118	215	(17.2)	85%	346	131	98	37 (46)	1.4	90%	83%	84%
Rajasthan	Dungarpur	12	1256	(2.7)	105	408	(32.5)	86%	563	189	241	81 (101)	0.8	90%	88%	90%
Rajasthan	Ganganagar	19	2222	(3.2)	115	402	(18.1)	77%	637	132	212	44 (55)	1.1	95%	89%	90%
Rajasthan	Hanumangarh	16	2912	(3.1)	178	571	(19.6)	89%	739	181	307	75 (94)	0.5	92%	85%	86%
Rajasthan	Jaipur	57	11990	(3.0)	212	2258	(18.8)	94%	2700	191	853	60 (75)	1.0	92%	87%	87%
Rajasthan	Jaisalmer	5	803	(2.1)	147	103	(12.8)	93%	181	132	75	55 (68)	0.6	96%	88%	90%
Rajasthan	Jalore	16	1431	(2.9)	92	248	(17.3)	95%	402	103	137	35 (44)	1.1	92%	84%	84%
Rajasthan	Jhalawar	13	1612	(2.5)	127	290	(18.0)	91%	422	133	155	49 (61)	0.9	90%	82%	83%

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Rajasthan	Jhunjhunun	21	2149	(2.6)	104	410	(19.1)	85%	618	120	221	43 (54)	0.9	94%	89%	89%
Rajasthan	Jodhpur	31	3439	(2.5)	111	628	(18.3)	81%	967	125	380	49 (61)	1.1	95%	84%	84%
Rajasthan	Karauli	13	2299	(2.7)	177	369	(16.1)	96%	563	173	235	72 (90)	0.8	97%	89%	89%
Rajasthan	Kota	17	2612	(2.6)	155	415	(15.9)	94%	660	156	264	62 (78)	0.8	95%	91%	91%
Rajasthan	Nagaur	30	4294	(2.6)	144	462	(10.8)	93%	909	122	303	41 (51)	1.2	93%	87%	90%
Rajasthan	Pali	20	2280	(2.5)	116	481	(21.1)	96%	876	179	319	65 (81)	1.1	93%	90%	90%
Rajasthan	Rajsamand	11	1174	(2.5)	110	202	(17.2)	92%	441	166	159	60 (75)	0.9	91%	82%	83%
Rajasthan	Sawai Madhopur	12	2447	(3.1)	203	417	(17.0)	93%	555	185	222	74 (92)	0.5	94%	87%	89%
Rajasthan	Sikar	25	2797	(2.3)	113	483	(17.3)	97%	842	137	271	44 (55)	1.1	95%	90%	90%
Rajasthan	Sirohi	9	1004	(2.1)	110	235	(23.4)	92%	342	149	142	62 (77)	0.8	93%	83%	83%
Rajasthan	Tonk	13	2497	(3.7)	191	537	(21.5)	88%	747	229	306	94 (117)	0.7	92%	86%	90%
Rajasthan	Udaipur	28	4004	(2.5)	141	791	(19.8)	97%	1392	196	574	81 (101)	0.7	85%	82%	87%
Sikkim	East	3	974	(2.8)	365	111	(11.4)	89%	170	255	52	78 (104)	0.6	89%	85%	85%
Sikkim	North	0.4	55	(1.9)	123	11	(20.0)	100%	25	224	11	99 (131)	0.4	88%	90%	90%
Sikkim	South	1.4	392	(2.0)	274	60	(15.3)	96%	102	285	37	103 (138)	0.7	100%	84%	84%
Sikkim	West	1.3	229	(2.4)	171	30	(13.1)	100%	67	200	30	89 (119)	0.5	92%	89%	89%
Tamil Nadu	Chennai	44	11216	(4.1)	258	1240	(11.1)	100%	1859	171	647	59 (79)	0.8	94%	87%	87%
Tamil Nadu	Coimbatore	44	10253	(2.1)	235	882	(8.6)	99%	1302	119	662	61 (81)	0.5	94%	90%	90%
Tamil Nadu	Cuddalore	24	7968	(1.9)	338	500	(6.3)	90%	906	154	336	57 (76)	1.0	92%	87%	87%
Tamil Nadu	Dharmapuri	29	7348	(1.5)	251	526	(7.2)	91%	828	113	387	53 (71)	0.5	95%	85%	85%
Tamil Nadu	Dindigul	20	6475	(2.3)	327	543	(8.4)	99%	1013	205	413	83 (111)	0.9	92%	89%	90%
Tamil Nadu	Erode	27	6825	(1.5)	257	550	(8.1)	96%	775	117	387	58 (78)	0.6	92%	89%	89%
Tamil Nadu	Kancheepuram	30	5318	(2.8)	179	531	(10.0)	98%	1358	183	541	73 (97)	0.6	96%	90%	90%
Tamil Nadu	Kanniyakumari	17	4399	(3.2)	255	466	(10.6)	97%	473	110	260	60 (80)	0.8	97%	94%	94%
Tamil Nadu	Karur	10	2497	(2.2)	259	210	(8.4)	79%	369	153	172	71 (95)	0.8	94%	87%	91%
Tamil Nadu	Madurai	26	5770	(1.9)	218	586	(10.2)	94%	1154	175	400	60 (81)	1.4	93%	87%	87%
Tamil Nadu	Nagapattinam	15	3002	(2.4)	196	168	(5.6)	99%	472	123	170	44 (59)	1.2	91%	83%	83%
Tamil Nadu	Namakkal	15	4189	(1.7)	271	305	(7.3)	100%	600	155	221	57 (76)	1.0	93%	88%	88%
Tamil Nadu	Perambalur	12	2572	(2.0)	211	246	(9.6)	100%	361	118	178	58 (78)	0.5	93%	88%	88%
Tamil Nadu	Pudukkottai	15	3577	(2.2)	239	367	(10.3)	99%	558	149	276	74 (98)	0.7	90%	85%	85%
Tamil Nadu	Ramanathapuram	12	2533	(3.2)	207	232	(9.2)	88%	472	155	195	64 (85)	1.0	93%	87%	87%
Tamil Nadu	Salem	31	7813	(3.5)	253	581	(7.4)	100%	1144	148	355	46 (61)	1.2	93%	88%	88%
Tamil Nadu	Sivaganga	12	1894	(2.3)	159	182	(9.6)	99%	421	142	178	60 (80)	0.9	91%	89%	90%
Tamil Nadu	Thanjavur	23	7037	(4.3)	309	539	(7.7)	97%	835	147	330	58 (77)	0.9	92%	91%	91%

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Tamil Nadu	The Nilgiris	8	1307	(2.4)	166	106	(8.1)	100%	188	95	97	49 (66)	0.5	93%	95%	95%
Tamil Nadu	Theni	11	3425	(2.3)	303	257	(7.5)	92%	560	198	190	67 (90)	1.4	91%	89%	89%
Tamil Nadu	Thiruvallur	28	5385	(1.5)	190	649	(12.1)	87%	1103	156	424	60 (80)	0.7	93%	86%	86%
Tamil Nadu	Thiruvarur	12	2623	(2.4)	218	252	(9.6)	96%	416	138	175	58 (78)	0.7	94%	86%	86%
Tamil Nadu	Tiruchirappalli	25	5438	(2.5)	221	604	(11.1)	98%	868	141	385	62 (83)	0.8	93%	90%	90%
Tamil Nadu	Tirunelveli	29	6047	(2.1)	209	618	(10.2)	103%	1437	199	456	63 (84)	0.9	89%	86%	86%
Tamil Nadu	Tiruvanamalai	23	5887	(2.2)	261	357	(6.1)	100%	640	114	357	63 (85)	0.5	95%	92%	92%
Tamil Nadu	Toothukudi	16	3302	(2.1)	204	363	(11.0)	97%	618	153	265	66 (87)	0.9	91%	85%	85%
Tamil Nadu	Vellore	36	12988	(2.7)	361	992	(7.6)	100%	1402	156	622	69 (92)	0.8	95%	90%	90%
Tamil Nadu	Viluppuram	30	7026	(2.0)	231	635	(9.0)	95%	1052	138	452	59 (79)	0.7	91%	88%	88%
Tamil Nadu	Virudhunagar	18	4600	(2.7)	254	459	(10.0)	100%	929	206	297	66 (88)	1.1	92%	86%	86%
Uttar Pradesh	Agra	39	3771	(8.0)	97	766	(20.3)	81%	1080	112	381	39 (41)	0.7	82%		
Uttar Pradesh	Aligarh	32	2643	(2.6)	83	416	(15.7)	84%	670	84	283	35 (37)	1.0	85%		
Uttar Pradesh	Allahabad	53	1352	(0.8)	26	252	(18.6)	80%	324		145		0.8			
Uttar Pradesh	Baghpat	12	1348	(2.7)	108	224	(16.6)	97%	480	154	148	47 (50)	1.4	92%	91%	91%
Uttar Pradesh	Bahraich	26	4943	(3.6)	194	662	(13.4)	92%	1057	166	448	70 (74)	1.0	92%	96%	96%
Uttar Pradesh	Barabanki	29	2998	(2.5)	105	560	(18.7)	97%	787	110	409	57 (60)	0.5	82%	85%	87%
Uttar Pradesh	Bareilly	39	4679	(5.4)	121	764	(16.3)	85%	1657	172	472	49 (52)	1.8	87%		
Uttar Pradesh	Basti	22	1116	(2.6)	50	196	(17.6)	91%	452	82	155	28 (29)	1.3	84%		
Uttar Pradesh	Bijnor	34	3853	(0.4)	115	391	(10.1)	81%	645	77	214	26 (27)	1.2	84%	74%	76%
Uttar Pradesh	Budaun	33	4564	(6.6)	139	672	(14.7)	86%	974	118	471	57 (60)	0.8	80%		
Uttar Pradesh	Bulandshahar	31	2253	(2.1)	72	343	(15.2)	97%	765	98	258	33 (35)	1.4	85%	76%	77%
Uttar Pradesh	Etah	30	4925	(13.0)	165	572	(11.6)	96%	692	93	267	36 (38)	0.8	84%		
Uttar Pradesh	Etawah	14	857	(2.1)	60	138	(16.1)	86%	316	88	91	25 (27)	2.0	100%		
Uttar Pradesh	Faizabad	22	468	(4.1)	21	82	(17.5)	80%	109		58		0.6			
Uttar Pradesh	Fatehpur	25	2603	(6.5)	105	343	(13.2)	56%	375	61	127	21 (22)	1.3	83%		
Uttar Pradesh	Gautam Budh Nagar	13	2085	(3.3)	163	347	(16.6)	84%	555	174	204	64 (67)	0.8	88%	85%	88%
Uttar Pradesh	Ghaziabad	35	5242	(3.5)	149	912	(17.4)	89%	1627	185	651	74 (78)	0.8	94%	89%	89%
Uttar Pradesh	Hamirpur-UP	11	875	(4.4)	78	165	(18.9)	91%	325	116	116	42 (44)	1.4	93%	73%	77%
Uttar Pradesh	Jaunpur	42	2177		52	263	(12.1)	91%	420	40	211	20 (21)	0.7	89%		
Uttar Pradesh	Jhansi	19	2029	(3.8)	108	397	(19.6)	79%	592	127	169	36 (38)	1.4	86%		
Uttar Pradesh	Kanpur Nagar	44	267	(2.0)	6	27	(10.1)	100%	73		27		0.5			
Uttar Pradesh	Lucknow	39	7841	(3.5)	199	1035	(13.2)	90%	1380	140	606	61 (65)	0.5	91%	87%	87%
Uttar Pradesh	Mainpuri	17	1733	(2.2)	102	228	(13.2)	83%	419	98	180	42 (44)	1.2	89%	81%	81%

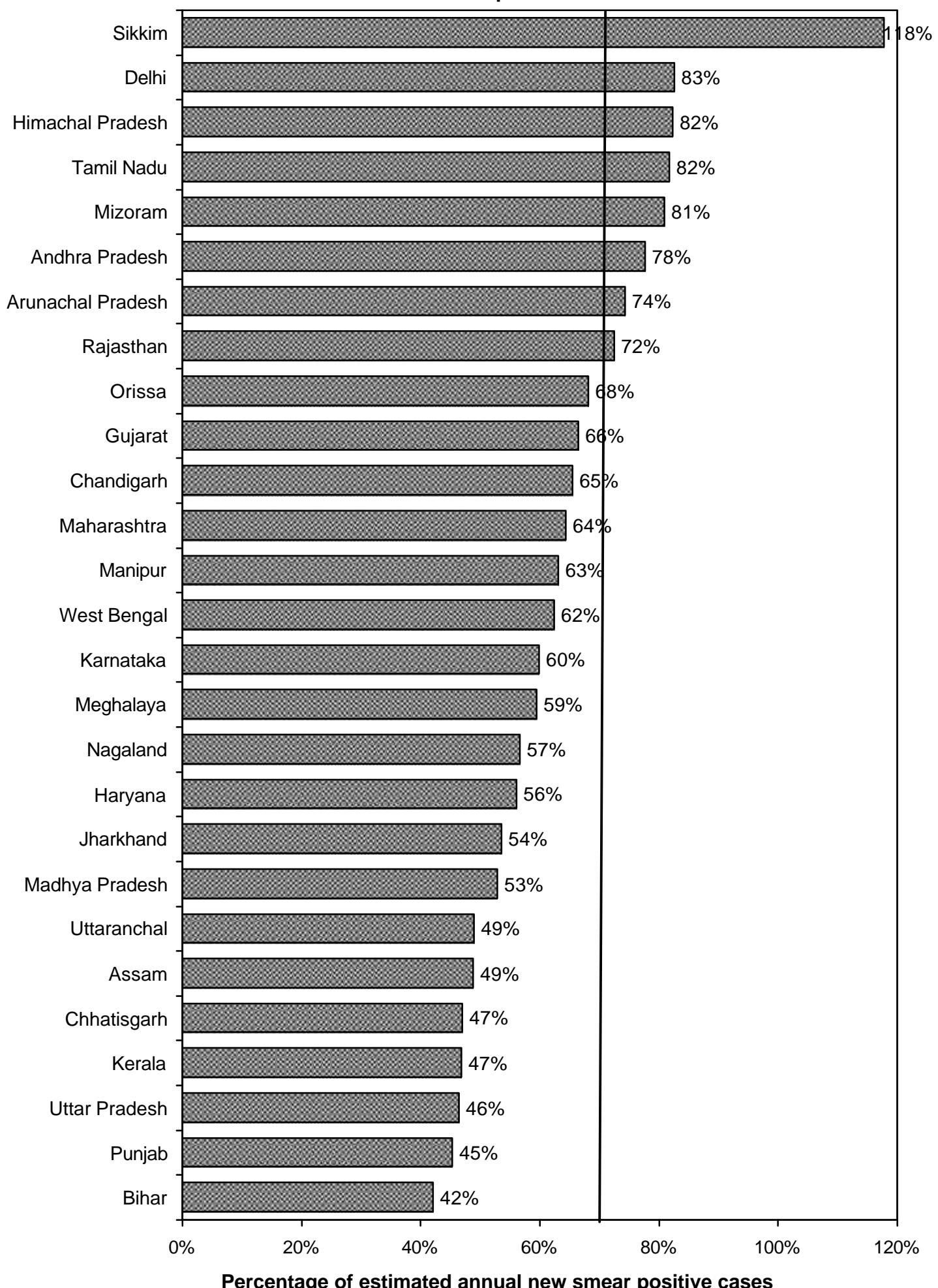
**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
Uttar Pradesh	Mathura	22	1404	(2.4)	63	269	(19.2)	88%	569	103	174	31 (33)	1.7	87%		
Uttar Pradesh	Meerut	32	6524	(3.2)	203	887	(13.6)	98%	1590	198	756	94 (99)	0.7	95%	92%	92%
Uttar Pradesh	Mirzapur	23	719	(3.7)	32	171	(23.8)	80%	0		98		0.6			
Uttar Pradesh	Moradabad	40	6558	(7.0)	163	717	(10.9)	86%	1207	120	533	53 (56)	1.1	87%	73%	73%
Uttar Pradesh	Muzaffarnagar	38	5375	(3.9)	142	757	(14.1)	85%	1138	120	458	48 (51)	0.8	84%	73%	75%
Uttar Pradesh	Rae Bareli	31	2465	(2.3)	80	422	(17.1)	91%	750	97	346	45 (47)	1.0	89%	77%	86%
Uttar Pradesh	Rampur	21	3574	(5.6)	174	388	(10.9)	93%	529	103	196	38 (40)	1.0	83%	72%	73%
Uttar Pradesh	Saharanpur	31	4428	(3.0)	145	546	(12.3)	94%	954	125	370	49 (51)	1.0	95%	88%	88%
Uttar Pradesh	Shahjahanpur	27	2574	(4.4)	94	291	(11.3)	74%	446	65	146	21 (23)	1.3	89%		
Uttar Pradesh	Sitapur	39	4038	(3.9)	104	628	(15.6)	53%	837	86	344	36 (37)	1.0	86%	94%	94%
Uttar Pradesh	Sultanpur	34	2174	(5.1)	64	164	(7.5)	94%	666		119		4.2			
Uttar Pradesh	Unnao	29	394	(0.6)	14	394	(100.0)	100%	810	112	280	39 (41)	1.4	94%	89%	89%
Uttar Pradesh	Varanasi	34	2952	(2.0)	88	491	(16.6)	80%	702	83	271	32 (34)	0.7	89%	77%	79%
Uttarakhand	Almora	7	906	(2.0)	136	82	(9.1)	99%	131	79	56	34 (35)	0.4	98%	85%	85%
Uttarakhand	Dehradun	13	2498	(2.2)	185	354	(14.2)	100%	473	140	178	53 (56)	0.9	97%	88%	90%
Uttarakhand	Hardwar	15	861	(3.3)	57	199	(23.1)	91%	181		66		0.5			
Uttarakhand	Nainital	8	343	(1.8)	43	83	(24.2)	84%	105		35		0.4			
Uttarakhand	Rudraprayag	2	88	(2.8)	37	7	(8.0)	100%	10		6		0.3			
Uttarakhand	Udhamsingh Nagar	13	1066	(3.7)	82	181	(17.0)	99%	171		84		0.6			
West Bengal	Bankura	34	5086	(2.4)	152	689	(13.5)	96%	1074	128	474	57 (75)	0.6	91%	89%	91%
West Bengal	Bardhaman	73	11195	(2.6)	154	1300	(11.6)	95%	2530	139	950	52 (70)	0.9	91%	87%	88%
West Bengal	Birbhum	32	4777	(2.3)	151	700	(14.7)	91%	949	120	481	61 (81)	0.5	90%	85%	85%
West Bengal	Dakshin Dinajpur	16	3018	(2.0)	191	354	(11.7)	86%	432	109	226	57 (76)	0.4	85%	79%	79%
West Bengal	Darjeeling	17	2102	(2.2)	125	395	(18.8)	71%	461	109	192	46 (61)	0.6	100%		
West Bengal	Haora	45	8381	(3.1)	187	836	(10.0)	95%	1495	133	557	50 (66)	0.7	91%	87%	88%
West Bengal	Hugli	53	6550	(2.9)	124	803	(12.3)	99%	1545	117	607	46 (61)	0.7	89%	90%	91%
West Bengal	Jalpaiguri	36	4972	(2.1)	139	886	(17.8)	92%	1259	141	637	71 (95)	0.4	90%	88%	88%
West Bengal	Koch Bihar	26	3941	(2.4)	151	313	(7.9)	93%	599	92	256	39 (52)	0.6	92%	91%	91%
West Bengal	Kolkata	48	5419	(9.1)	113	1076	(19.9)	64%	1615	134	704	59 (78)	0.4	89%	89%	89%
West Bengal	Maldah	35	5724	(1.7)	166	728	(12.7)	80%	1139	132	491	57 (76)	0.8	89%	83%	83%
West Bengal	Medinipur East	46	3838	(1.5)	83	250	(6.5)	89%	544	47	171	15 (20)	1.1	87%	81%	82%
West Bengal	Medinipur West	55	6285	(1.8)	115	731	(11.6)	86%	1481	108	495	36 (48)	1.2	90%	83%	86%
West Bengal	Murshidabad	62	8531	(2.3)	138	993	(11.6)	93%	1772	115	824	54 (71)	0.7	93%	86%	86%
West Bengal	Nadia	48	8286	(2.0)	171	694	(8.4)	98%	1162	96	515	43 (57)	0.7	91%	86%	86%

**Performance of RNTCP Case Detection (2004, first quarter), Smear Conversion (2003, fourth quarter) and Treatment Outcomes (2003, first quarter)**

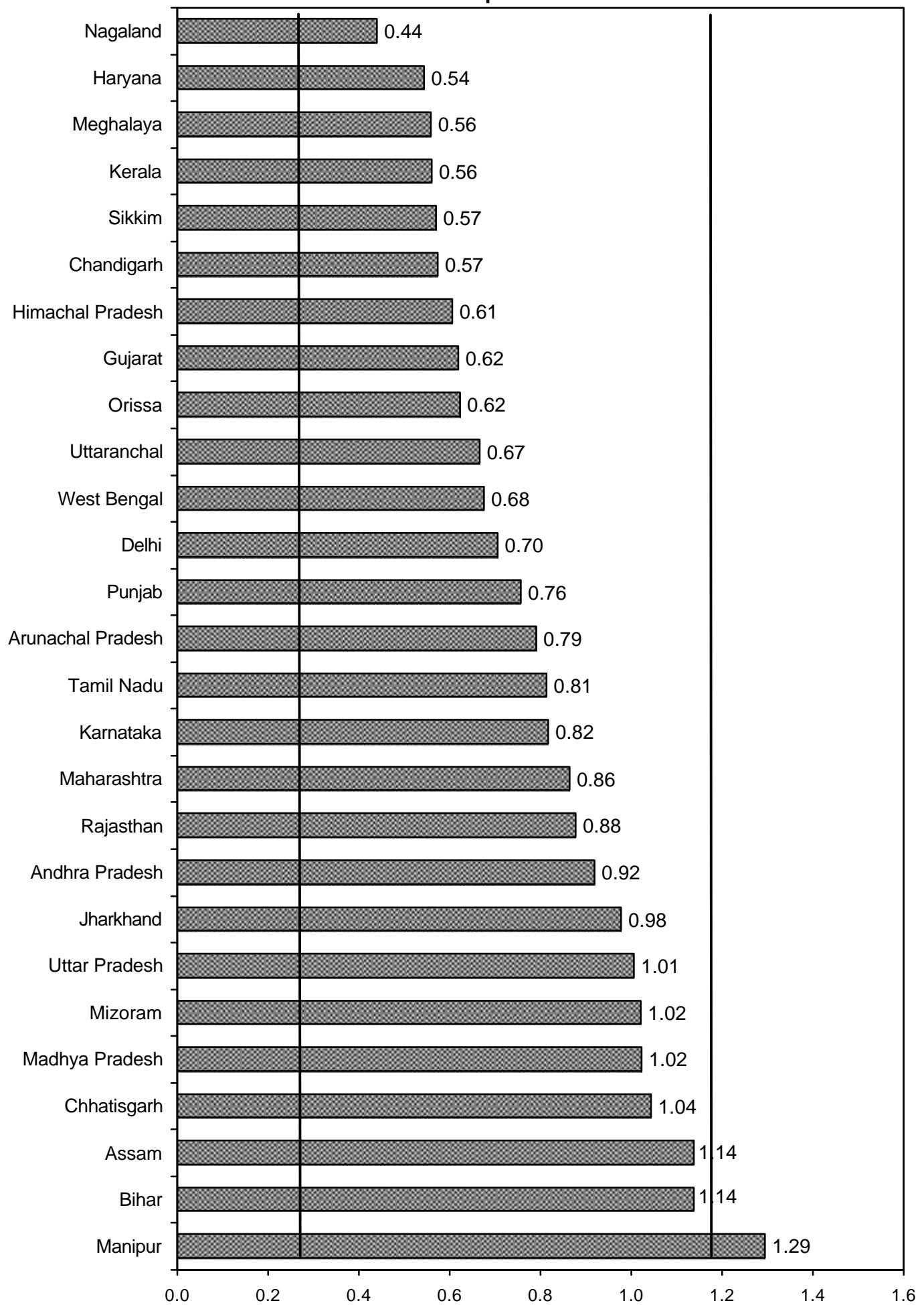
State	District	Population (in lakh) covered by RNTCP *	No. of suspects examined	% suspects examined out of total out-patients	Suspects examined per lakh population	No of Smear positive patients diagnosed	% of S+ve cases among suspects	Percentage smear positive patients living in the district placed on DOTS	Total patients initiated on treatment	Annualized total case detection rate †	New smear positive patients initiated on treatment	Annualized new smear positive case detection rate (%)‡	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	3 month conversion rate of new smear positive patients§	Cure rate of new smear positive patients¶	Success rate of new smear positive patients
West Bengal	North 24 Parganas	94	11247	(2.4)	120	1228	(10.9)	90%	2129	91	896	38 (51)	0.5	91%	90%	90%
West Bengal	Puruliya	27	3650	(2.1)	137	564	(15.5)	94%	1006	151	429	64 (86)	0.9	95%	89%	89%
West Bengal	South 24 Parganas	73	7579	(1.9)	104	868	(11.5)	94%	1481	82	693	38 (51)	0.5	92%	88%	89%
West Bengal	Uttar Dinajpur	26	2693	(1.3)	105	351	(13.0)	94%	625	97	261	41 (54)	0.8	85%	76%	78%
	<b>Total</b>	<b>8427</b>	<b>1,192,086</b>	<b>(2.4)</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>158,122</b>	<b>(13.3)</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>260,589</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>102,348</b>	<b>50 (67)</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>85%</b>	<b>86%</b>

**Percentage of annual estimated new smear-positive cases detected,  
first quarter of 2004**

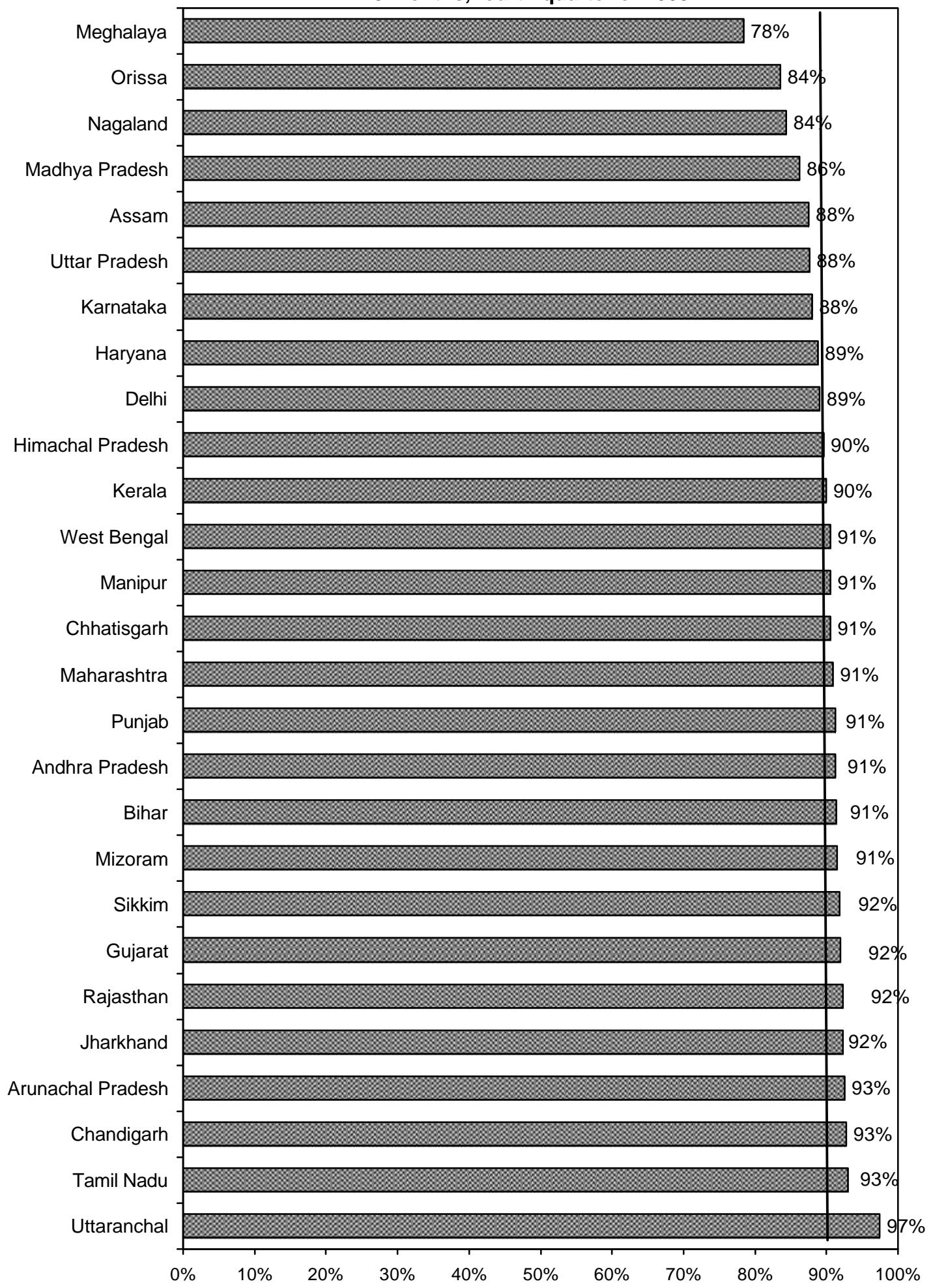


**Percentage of estimated annual new smear positive cases**

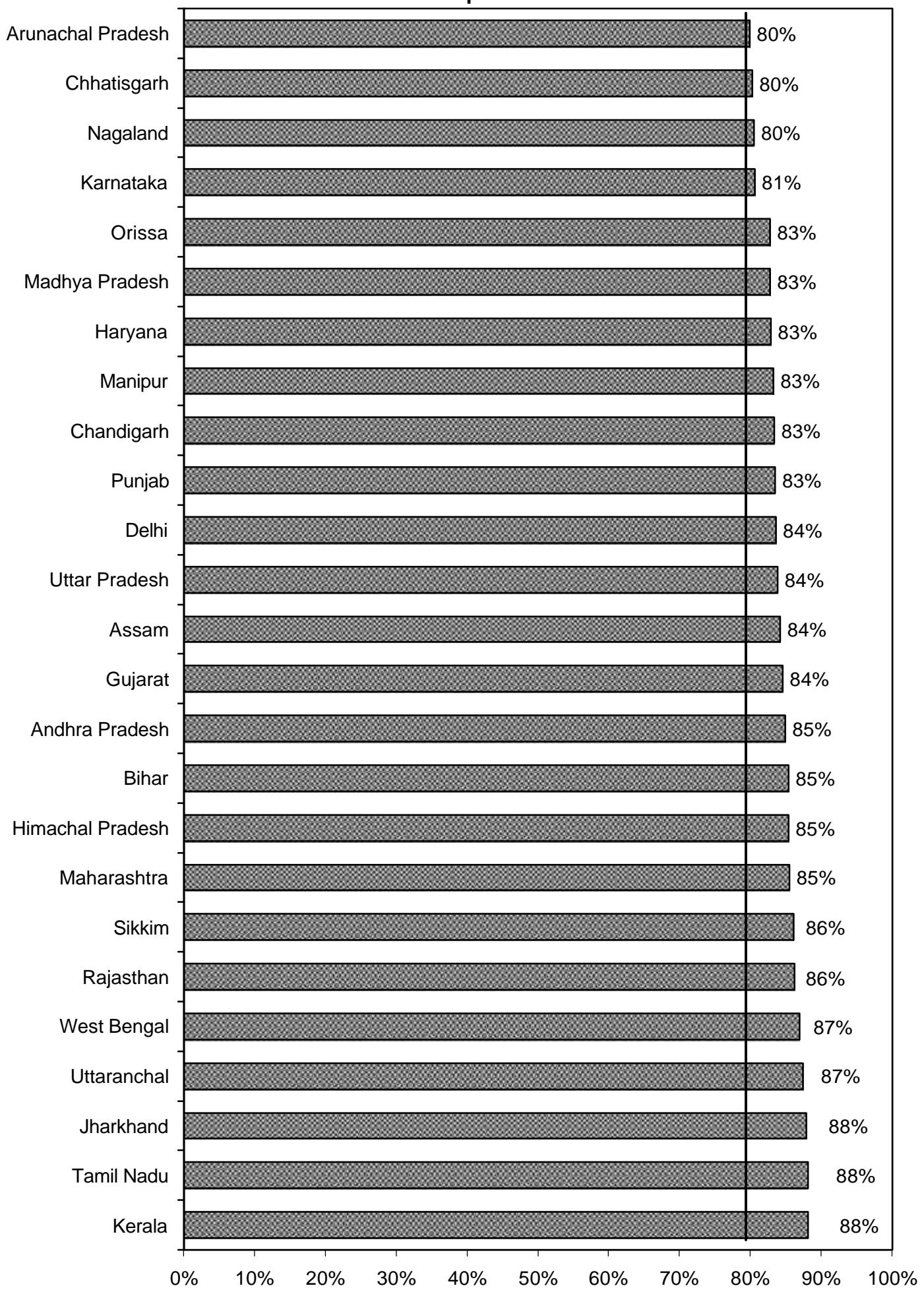
**Ratio of new sputum-negative to new sputum-positive patients,  
first quarter of 2004**



**Sputum conversion rate among new sputum-positive patients at  
3 months, fourth quarter of 2003**



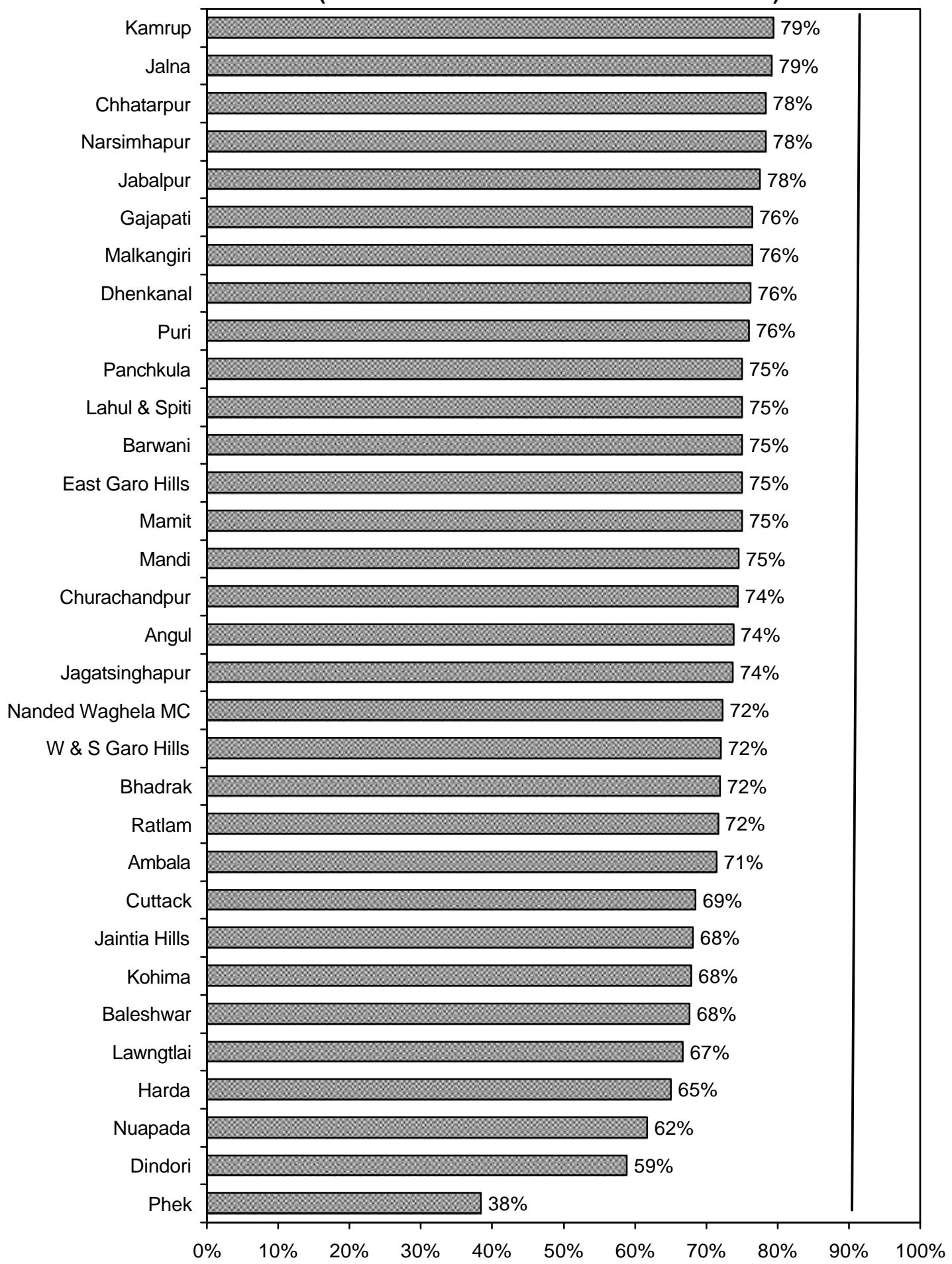
**Cure rate among new sputum-positive patients,  
first quarter of 2003**



**53 (12%) districts with high ratio of new sputum-negative to new  
(all other districts had a ratio < 1.2)**

State	District	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients	State	District	Ratio of new smear negative to new smear positive patients
Andhra Pradesh	Srikakulam	1.26	Manipur	Imphal East	2.28
Arunachal Pradesh	Ziro Dtc	1.32	Manipur	Thoubal	1.45
Assam	Sonitpur	1.55	Manipur	Bishnupur	1.45
Assam	Barpeta	1.55	Manipur	Churachandpur	1.26
Assam	Kamrup	1.35	Mizoram	Saiha	1.89
Bihar	Muzaffarpur	1.65	Mizoram	Kolasib	1.47
Bihar	Vaishali	1.37	Mizoram	Lunglei	1.40
Chhattisgarh	Janjgir	1.66	Mizoram	Champhai	1.38
Chhattisgarh	Durg	1.30	Orissa	Nayagarh	4.00
Chhattisgarh	Rajnandgaon	1.29	Orissa	Balangir	1.48
Himachal Pradesh	Kinnaur	4.40	Rajasthan	Dhaulpur	1.37
Himachal Pradesh	Kullu	1.32	Rajasthan	Alwar	1.27
Jharkhand	Hazaribagh	1.28	Tamil Nadu	Theni	1.37
Karnataka	Gulbarga	1.27	Tamil Nadu	Madurai	1.35
Madhya Pradesh	Raisen	2.26	Uttar Pradesh	Sultanpur	4.16
Madhya Pradesh	Satna	1.96	Uttar Pradesh	Etawah	2.00
Madhya Pradesh	Sagar	1.67	Uttar Pradesh	Bareilly	1.81
Madhya Pradesh	Rajgarh	1.53	Uttar Pradesh	Mathura	1.74
Madhya Pradesh	Harda	1.52	Uttar Pradesh	Unnao	1.42
Madhya Pradesh	Katni	1.42	Uttar Pradesh	Hamirpur-Up	1.41
Madhya Pradesh	Neemuch	1.41	Uttar Pradesh	Jhansi	1.39
Madhya Pradesh	Sehore	1.37	Uttar Pradesh	Baghpat	1.38
Madhya Pradesh	Ratlam	1.25	Uttar Pradesh	Bulandshahar	1.36
Maharashtra	Parbhani	1.31	Uttar Pradesh	Shahjahanpur	1.35
Maharashtra	Ahmednagar	1.30	Uttar Pradesh	Basti	1.34
Maharashtra	Washim	1.30	Uttar Pradesh	Fatehpur	1.26
Maharashtra	Nandurbar	1.25			

**Thirty two (8%) districts with low sputum conversion rate among  
new sputum-positive patients at 3 months, fourth quarter of 2003  
(all other districts had conversion rates >80%)**



**Fifty-three(16%) districts with low cure rates among new sputum-positive patients, first quarter of 2003 (all other districts had cure rates > 80%)**

